Resound by Sean Luke

About the Program

June 15, 1992

This program was conceived in the Summer of 1991, and written, little by little over a year or so. Student life is fraught with exams, y'know. A lot of it is spaghetti OOP, since I was learning the NeXTSTEP environment as I went. This really shows...oh, well.

The idea of the program is to make it easier for researchers with a little programming ability to make their great sound editing ideas come to life without having to write out a full-blown application. This is accomplished by creating an environment where all a would-be programmer has to write is an add-in module object that communicates with the main program. Without modules, this program isn't too useful. With them, it shows a lot of potential, I think.

The program is not even close to complete. In addition to printing, 16-bit recording, and a properly-working view update mechanism, the program could stand quite a few more sample modules and design changes. Send me e-mail if you have ideas.

The program comes complete with source code, under the GNU license. Have fun!

About the Author

As of this writing, I'm an undergraduate at Brigham Young University, majoring in Computer Science and minoring in Music (Piano) and English Comp. Fun, huh? I'm looking for a few good graduate schools, particularly programs in computers and music, sound, or sound production. If you have any leads, I would appreciate hearing about them.

Sean Luke

Brigham Young University sean@digaudio.byu.edu

Tools

There are many tool panels. These panels give access to information about sounds, and allow scrollview zooming and sound recording and playback. All can be closed except the Console. To reopen any of them, choose the appropriate menu item in the Tools menu.

Console

The Console handles the playing and recording sounds, and allows volume settings in stereo (which cannot be done with the NeXT volume keys).

Information

The information panel automatically shows the sound type, number of samples, number of channels (mono:1 stereo:2), and number of seconds of a sound. It also tells if the sound is fragmented, which happens during cut/copy/paste editing and could considerably slow down other editing procedures. To

de-fragment the sound, press the Compact button.

Selection

The Selection panel shows the start, end, and length of the current selection in number of samples and number of seconds.

View

The View panel shows the start, end, and length of the current visible sound in number of samples and number of seconds.

Zoom

The Zoom panel allows zooming in or out. The buttons on the bottom work as follows:

| All In | Zooms in to maximum detail |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| <<< | Zoom in significantly |
| << | |
| < | Zoom in a bit |
| > | Zoom out a bit |
| >> | |
| >>> | Zoom out significantly |
| All In | Zooms out to minimum detail |
| | |

To Selection Zooms to fit the selection into the window

The scroll bar allowsw precise zooming values. The small text field shows the current reduction factor, which varies between zero and one.

Other Panels

Pasteboard Converstion

Allows conversion of the pasteboard sound by number of Record Format channels and sample rate.

Is not currently implemented. *Preferences*

Several application preferences are currently implemented:

Update Selection in Real Time will constantly update the Selection panel as the selection changes with the mouse. This is rather slow, but precise.

Update Zoom in Real Time will change the zoom as the Zoom scroll bar moves in real time. This is also slow, but precise.

Update View in Real Time will do the same for the View panel; however, non-real-time view update doesn't work properly yet Dyou need to click on the scroll bar to update the view panel.

In addition, Preferences allows either oscilliscopic or min/max display. The differences between these displays is only visible when the sound is zoomed completely out.

The Info Menu

GNU License

Read this.

Bugs and Problems

List of known bugs at publishing time. If you know any more, please send e-mail!

About Modules

A short introduction to the art of writing modules to add functionality to this program.

The Edit Menu

Convert Pasteboard...

Converts the pasteboard sound by number of channels and sample rate.

Compact

Compacts fragmented sounds. See the Information window under *Tools*.

The Zoom Menu

To Selection

Zooms to fill the window with the current selection. Not yet implemented.

ln

Zooms in.

Out

Zooms out.

All In

Zooms to maximum detail.

All Out

Zooms to show the entire sound in the window.

The Modules Menu

Double

Modules should have menu options in this menu. Modules that come with this program include:

Change Amplitude changes the volume of the sound.

tries (in vain) to double the frequency of the sound without changing the length.

Halve tries the same with halving the frequency.

Reverse reverses the entire sound. Channels are flipped.

The Tools Menu

Calls up tool panels discussed previously

Hot Keys

As you might have noticed, the Console *insists*, or demands to remain the top window. This is so it can remain visible at all times, and also so it can receive keyboard messages from the number pad. Press the Hot Keys button above to see which number pad keys correspond to buttons on the Console.

Go to it!